JURORS COULD NOT AGREE

Bullivan and Budd Got the Benefit, It Is Claimed, of a Reasonable Doubt.

The Disagreement Rests, Though, on All the Democrats Voting for Acquittal-William F. Barrows Did Not Vote Twice.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the jurors in the conspiracy trial were summoned before Judge Woods from the jury-room, where they had been attempting, since 11:45 o'clock on Wednesday, to come to an agreement as to the guilt or innocence of John E. Sullivan and George W. Budd. Both the latter, tegether with the attorneys in the case, were in the court-room at the time, as were a small number of spectators. The jurors looked rather careworn as they filed into their places. After they had taken their seats, Judge Woods said to them: "What is the situation with the jury this morning in regard to this case!"

"There is no possible chance of an agreement," responded Foreman Krunk "Is there any one of you who thinks other-

wisel" added the Judge. The jurors all shook their heads or answered in the negative, after which Judge Woods said: "The court regrets that you could not agree; however, you stand discharged from further service in this case."

As they went out of the court room, with smiling faces, they were met by Sullivan, who shook hands with everyone that gave him an opportunity. Most of the jurors attended the circus in the afternoon and left for home at night. One of them, James Crugston, is still here, stopping at the Enterprise. He said last night that the jurors had agreed among themselves not to give the names of those who voted one way or another. The vote was 8 to for acquittal in the cases of Sullivan and Budd, and it stood that way from the first. "Did any one at any time show an inclination

to change his vote? the reporter asked him.

"No, we stood to our first opinions. I could not see any guilt for myself. The law says that we must be satisfied of the defendants' guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and we differed as to the full meaning of the words, "beyond a rea-

"Ob, we got along very well. My fellow-jur-ors were a nice set of men-I never met a better lot of fellows. While we differed in our views, think we were all conscientious about it. We waxed pretty warm sometimes in debating the question, but we would always be good-

Sullivan and Budd are, of course, well pleased with the result. They do not think the cases will be prosecuted further. District Attorney Sellers has not decided about the matter. Of the ten men who were originally indicted in the conspiracy cases two were convicted, and are now in the penitentiary, four—Mattler, Reardon, Metcalf and Counselman—were acquitted, and as to the others, Sullivan and Budd were tried twice, the juries disagreeing, and Spaan and Beck once, with like result.

W. F. Barrows Acquitted.

After being out less than two hours, yesterday afternoon, the federal court jury in the trial of W. F. Barrows on the charge of voting twice at the State and congressional election of 1886, returned a verdict of not guilty. During the morning Mr. Elam, for the defense, and Mr. Sellere for the government, made the closing speeches, and in the afternoon Judge Woods briefly charged the jury. Before 5 o'clock the verdict was in, and Mr. Barrows discharged. In the testimony there was merely the statement from government witnesses that the defendant had voted twice. In trying to substantiate this the incident of his name being twice on the pollbook of the First precinct, Twenty-first ward, and all the details of his coming into the chute in the morning, when it was said by the prosecution he voted for the first time, were used. Mr. Barrows, however, explained clearly how and why he went into the chute in the morning. He took cigars to give to election officers, and when he approached Morrow, the inspector, was particular to tell him that he did not intend to vote at that time. He banded out the cigars and Charles Reasner, the Democratic clers, who could not see out of the window from where he was sitting, asked who was treating. Morrow at that time, it is said, pronounced the name of Barrows. On the witness stand Mr. Barrows gave a straightforward statement of the occurrence, in which he said that he did not vote more than once and that when he went up the chute in the morning not only did not vote, but had no intention of voting. There was no positive testimony at any time for the government of any value, while the witnesses for the defense were direct and sure of their statements.

Considerable testimony for Mr. Barrows was in the line of character evidence, and in every instance he was sustained by record upon which many of the best men in the city base their confidence in him. Mr. Barrows had friends whose word go anywhere unquestioned, and they gave him an indersement through knowing him intimately for many years For ten years he has held the responsible place of foremen in the of-fice of the Indiana Farmer Company. He took an active part in politics as a Republican committeeman of the First precinct, Twentyward, and had for a long first ward, and had for a long time previous to the election of 1886 geted in that capacity. Nobody ever questioned his character or regarded him as being otherwise than a reputable citizen—one who would never think for a moment of committing the crime of voting twice. Putting all other considerations out of the question, he is too intelligent to run any risk of repeating at the polls when every Democrat not only knew him, but was watchful of everything he did. At the time he was indicted no one, not even Democrats, believed him guilty. The jury has done no more than to confirm and strengthen the no more than to confirm and strengthen the

Martin's Heavy Sentence.

The trial of Charles J. Martin, charged with horse-stealing, came to an end much sooner than the attorneys in the case or the court officials expected. The defense did not present any evidence until yesterday morning, and it was all in before 10 o'clock. No effort was made to rebut the damaging evidence of the State, and nearly all the witnesses called simply testified to the good character of the accused. Something of a sensation was caused by one of the witnesses for the defense testifying that Martin was sent to the penitentiary thirteen years ago for horse-stealing. The case was argued briefly, and went to the jury a few minutes before 3 o'clack After deliberating but fifteen minutes, a verdict of guilty was returned, with the punishment fixed at ten years in the penitentiary. Several of the jurymen favored making the sentence fourteen years, but none voted for less than ten. Martin showed no emotion when the verdict was read, but his wife and some of his relatives were very much affected. His attorneys will ask for a new trial, and in case it is not granted they propose to take the case to the Supreme Court, where they hope to get a reversal on some technicalities.

Crazy Over a Sweetheart. Mary Steeglemeyer, living at No. 161 Laurel street, was declared insane yesterday by a commission composed of Justices Smock and Feibleman and Drs. Pantzer and Bell. Her mental troubles are attributed to her sweetheart forsaking her a few weeks ago and leaving the city. She has an hallucination that be has been drowned at sea, and threatens to commit suicide on account of this belief. Her insanity is of a mild type, and the physicians think her mind can be restored by a few weeks' treatment in the hospital.

Violation of the Pension Law. The trial of Francis M. Musfrier, of Clark sounty, began yesterday in the United States Court. He is charged with having made unlawful charges as a pension agent, and with having retained the pension money which he had obtained from Cary Smith, an old soldier in Clark county. The charges are divided, one being the allegation that he violated the pension laws by charging a fee of more than \$25, and the other is that he retained the pension money awarded to Smith the amount he pension money awarded to Smith, the amount being \$580

Said To Be Political Revenge. Martin Myers, the assessor of Perry township, gave bond in the Criminal Court for his appearance to answer the charge of giving away liquor on the day of the recent township elec-tion. He heard that there was an indictment soul. His pare refurned excited him, and he voluntarily came with crushing to to the city and gave bond for his appearance. pathy of all

He claims that he is not guitty of the charge, and that the indictment was returned on the evidence of some of his political enemies.

Cases Nollied. The cases against Anthony Bauer, William Brown, Charles Riser et al., and Andrew R. Hopkins, for an alleged violation of the internal revenue laws, were nollied yesterday in the federal court.

Notes from the Courts. The prisoners indicted by the last grand jury were arraigned before Judge Irvin last evening, and all pleaded not guilty. John Heitkam, indicted for killing Charles Arnold, will likely be tried week after next.

Receiver C. E. Henderson, of the I., B. & V. Railway Company, filed his April report in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. The receipts of the month were \$33,369.62, and the disbursements \$33,232.39, leaving a balance of

The case of Selig, Morris & Co., against the Cobb Iron and Nail Company of Aurora, Ind., was yesterday dismissed from the United States District Court, by the plaintiff at its costs, and Receiver Speed, who had received his appointment only the day previous, was discharged.

Tobe Howe, Ben Gordon and William Ousley, who were arrested by Captain Colbert last Sat-arday night, on the charge of gambling, asked for a change of yeaus when their cases were called by the Mayor, yesterday, and they were sent to 'Squire Smock. They will have a hearing Tuesday. C. E. Oakley, arrested by the Hancock Horse-thief Detective Association for stealing a horse

and buggy from John C. Burk, a West Washington-street livery stable man, waived exami-nation before the Mayor yesterday morning and was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

The Court Record.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. Bon. J. A. S. Mitchell, Chief-justice. 14292. Gerrard H. Duesterberg, executor, vs loseph A. Swartzel et al. Knox C. C. Affirmed. Howk, J.—The facts, briefly, are that plaintiff recovered a judgment against one Pollock, who was the owner of real estate upon which there was a mortgage. The mortgages brought suit to foreclose the mortgage, making plaintiff and another party defendants to answer as to their interests. The mortgage was foreclosed and the property ordered to be sold, and the proceeds applied first to the mortgage debt; second, the mortgageor's wife's interest out of whatever remained above the mortgage debt; thirdly, jude-ment creditors: fourthly, surplus to Poliock, if any. At the sale appellee Schwartzel was the purchaser and received a certificate. Before the year for redemption had expired, Schwartzel real estate. Action to have the land sold to satisfy appellant's lien. Held, that the title acquired by Schwartzel under the sheriff's sale and deed was not merged in the title acquired from Pollock and wife. The title of Pollock and wife became vested in Schwartzel as on the date of sale, and not as of the date of the sheriff's deed to

plaintiff's judgment. 13267. Wm. H. Keister et al. vs. Elizabeth Myers. Fulton C. C. Affirmed. Mitchell, C. J. -When mortgageors agreed to convey the whole tract as security for the debt, and both parties intended at the time the transaction was consummated, that the entire tract should be included in the mortgage, but by mistake of the scrivener who presumably acted for both, the description was so written as to convey only the undivided one-third, there is a mutual mistake and a reformation may be had. 2. In a suit to reform the instrument, the mortgageor who had assigned the note by indorsement, need not be made a party. 3. When the mortgagors knew of the mistake, but were silent and did not correct it, they cannot take any advantage of the

him. He therefore holds the property free of

13170. Mary B. Donley vs. Thomas Scanlon, by next friend. Hendricks C. C. Reversed. Elliots, J. -Action for personal injuries received in a planing-mill. The first paragraph of the complaint proceeded upon the theory that the machine which caused the injuries was intrinsically dangerous. After the jury was impaneled appelles, over objection, was allowed to file a second paragraph of complaint, which relied upon the defective condition of the machine as the cause of action. A continuance was asked by appellants, but refused. The case had once been tried in the Marion Superior Court upon the first paragraph, but a verdict for appelless set aside. A change of venue was taken to Hendricks county. Under these circumstances a continuance ought to have been cumstances a continuance ought to have been

13754 Sallie A. Livingston vs. State, etc. Starke C. C. Reversed on confession of errors. 13150. Joseph Binford vs. Amanda F. Young.
Fayette C. C. Rehearing denied.
13110. Mary J. Boice vs. Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Company. Cass C. C. Rehear-

14153. State ex rel. vs. Channey E. Ed-wards. Blackford C. C. Rehearing denied. SUPERIOR COURT'.

Room 1-Hon, N. B. Taylor, Judge. Mina King vs. Jos. M. King; divorce. Granted plaintiff for failure to provide John C. Kurze vs. Willis Vajen, et al.; damages. Finding for defendant. Addie Campbell (administrator) vs. Henry C. Campbell, et al.; foreclosure. Judgment for plaintiff for \$806 50, and sale ordered. Alfred Purdue vs. Rebecca Purdue; divorce. Dismissed for want of prosecution.

Room 2-Hon. D. W. Howe, Judge. Viola M. Kingery vs. Geo. W. Kingery; di-Room 3-Hon. Lewis C. Walker, Judge. Rosalind M. Zollars vs. Barnard J. Archibald;

account. On trial by a jury. NEW SUITS FILED. Emma M. Slattery vs. James D. Slattery; complaint for divorce and custody of child. Allegation, abandonment. Clem Johnson vs. Susan Johnson; complaint

for divorce. Allegation, drunkenness. George W. Venters vs. Belle Venters; complaint for divorce. Allegation, cruel treatment. CIRCUIT COURT. Hon. Thomas L. Sullivan, Judge.

John C. Smith vs. May F. Glazier's estate; laim for \$27. Allowed. Christian Scheldmeier vs. Wm. C. Smith, sureyor; objections to survey. Dismissed.
State ex rel. Emma N. Orr et al. vs. Margaret Hankins. Motion for a new trial overruled.

Charles Gorsuch's Disappearance. The relatives and friends of Charles Gorsuch. the expert safe opener, who had an office in the Vance Block, are greatly worried over his continged absence from home under peculiar circumstances. Recently he became financially embarrassed, and a chattel mortgage on all his personal property was foreclosed. Tuesday evening Sheriff King levied on the property and took the keys to his office. That night Gorauch returned to the home of his mother on Michigan street very late, and before any of the family arose Wednesday he got up and went away. Nothing has been heard from him since. Before going home Tuesnay night quite a number of his friends met him, and they state that he appeared to be demented. He went to Frank lig's saloon, on Washington street, and tried to borrow a revolver, saying he wanted to shoot some rats, and not being successful in procuring a weapon there he went to Huegele's saloon and asked the bartender there to lend him a revolver for a day. The bartender could not accommodate him and he went away much disappointed. These attempts to procure a weapon the evident purpose of taking his life lead his friends to fear that he has wandered to some out of the way place and committed suicide. His mother, stricken with grief at his disappearance, is not expected to live, and his sisters are also prostrated with sorrow at his absence. The police are making a vigilant search for him. It is known that he had no money, and it is believed that he did not go away from the city.

The Art Exhibition.

To-day children will be admitted to the exhibition for 19 cents. Among the fine pictures shown is the "Approaching Storm," by Wm. Fitler. It is a vivid portrayal of a thunder-storm. which is advancing and is almost ready to burst. Half the sky is darkened by a heavy pile of rushing clouds, the other half is luminous with the peculiar glare of storm indications. The foreground is darkened by the rolling clouds. and the brawling stream reflects its murkiness, while the distance, with its rows of wayside trees, quiet hills and sunny verdure, lies still On Saturdays and Wednesday nights the exhibit will be enhanced by a reception to which all are invited.

Tribute to Ernest Fletcher. The death of Ernest Fletcher, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Fletcher, will strike a pang to many hearts. He embodied in an unusual degree all the graces of childhood. To an active mind and a keen intelligence, he added a kappy and even temper, a perfect courtesy and the charm of physical beauty. He showed through all his shortened life a pure, bonest and fearless soul. His parents, upon whom the blow falls with crushing force, will have the tender sympathy of all.

THE MERITS OF EACH BID

Value of Vulcanite and Trinidad Asphalt for Durable Pavements.

Statements as to Both Materials, in Connection with the Washington-Street Improvement, Made to the Contract Committee.

The committee on contracts of Council and the Board of Aldermen met yesterday afternoon, in the city clerk's office, to consider the bids submitted for the improvement of Washington street, according to the specifications of the ordinance recently passed. W. C. Murdock, of Washington, D. C., and Dewitt C. Cregier, of Chicago, representing the Vulcanite Asphalt Paving Company, were present, as was S. Whinery. representing the Warren-Sharf Asphalt Paving Company, of Cincinnatt. These two companies alone had presented bids. The Vulcanite company's proposition was to pave the street with vulcanite asphalt for \$11.50 per linear front foot on either side of the street. The other company submitted two bids. One to pave the street with Trinidad asphalt for \$14 per linear front foot on either side of the street, and the other to put down a cheap grade of asphalt at \$11 per linear foot. In submitting the latter bid, however, the company said it would not recommend that class of pavement for a street so extensively traveled as Washington street. Mr. Shafer, manager of the street-car company, was invited to be present at the meeting and make some statement about what the company proposed to do about paying for its share of the improvement, but he sent a note to Chairman Darnell saying he would not be there on account of business engagements.

Quite a number of the members of the Council, besides those constituting the committee, were present, and at the request of all the representatives of the competing companies were asked to present the merits of their respective pavements. Mr. Cregier, of Chicago, was the first speaker. He said his company submitted its bid in good faith, and proposed, if awarded the contract, to put down a pavement that would give satisfaction in every way. The company would comply with the specifications in every particular. The vulcanite combined durability, smoothness and cleanliness: in fact, all qualifications of the first importance. He exhibited to the committee a section of vulcauite pavement that had been in use in Washington on "K" street for fourteen years. It was

apparently as sound as it was on the day on which it was put down.

Mr. Whinery, of the Trinidad Asphalt Company, followed Mr. Cregier. His company, he said, proposed to comply with all the specifications of the ordinance, if awarded the contract, and would put down a pavement of superior merit. He spoke at length of the standing of his company, of the improvements it had made, and referred the committee to the mercantile agencies of Bradstreet and Dun for its financial responsibility. He thought there was no vulcanite in use that would stand the travel on Washington street. Vulcanite was a product of coal tar, and he offered to show that many coaltar pavements had been taken up and replaced with asphalt. He claimed that the Trinidad asphalt was not in the hands of a monopoly. It was true that the best came from the Trinidad island, but recently large deposits had been found in the West, and the companies owning the supply were offering it for sale. Many of the vulcanite pavements in Washington had been permanently

replaced with asphalt. Replying to Mr. Whinery, Mr. Cregier said the vulcanite was not a tar pavement, as many supposed. Washington had been the experimental ground for smooth asphaltic pavements Of the pavements laid in Washington from 1871 to 1875, the vulcanite had a better record than any of them. As to the cost of repairing the pavement he cited the following from the annual report of the Commissioners of the Dis-trict of Columbia, which gives the cost of maintenance for fourteen years:

The 158,595 square yards of vulcanite pavements have only averaged 2.9 cents per square yard per anhave only averaged 2.9 cents per square yard per annum for fourteen years' maintenance, the average being 0.3 cents per square yard for the first five years, 4.2 cents for the second five years and 4 cents for the last four years. Had all of these pavements been resurfaced during the past year at the contract price of \$1.05 per square yard, they would be under guaranty for five years, from July 1, 1887, and the mean annual average expense to the District for maintenance, for a period of twenty years, would not exceed 71s cents per square yard.

Mr. Cregier also read an extract from the report of the committee appointed by the City Council of Buffalo, N. Y., for the purpose of examining vulcanite pavements. The report was dated March, 1888. The conclusion of the committee was that "after hearing the opinions expressed by the experts consulted, the vuicanite pavement, under the Filbert process, can be and is recommended as a first-class, successful and durable asphaltic street pavement and well adapted to the streets of the city of Buffalo." The speaker dwelt at length upon the success of the pavement in Pittsburg. W. R. Brown, city engineer of that city, had testified that the pavement laid on Fortress street during the year 1876, stood the test of travel first-class, and he recommended it for its durability and lasting qualities. Wm. McCallin, in a letter written in February, 1888, recommended the pavement as one that would give general satisfaction. Wm. R. Ford, president of the Common Council, said he passed the Forbes-street pavement most daily, and could recommend it as first-class in every respect. J. P. Andrews, supavement put down in 1876 showed but little signs of wear, and, from present appearances, would last for a good many years to come. Many other representative citizens of Pittsburg have added their indorsement of the pavement as the best and cheapest asphaltic pavement that could be procured. Mr. Cregier closed his remarks by saying many cities were selecting the vulcanite in preference to the Trinidad asphalt, and in every case it was giving

great satisfaction. James M. Bradshaw, one of the largest prop-erty-owners on Washington street, asked the representatives of the two companies from whom they expected to get their money for the improvement, and if they anticipated any trouble with the street car company. They re-plied that they anticipated no trouble with the street-car company, and remarked that if the company did not pay its share they would have

"Did you take into consideration the probable loss of the street-car company's share of the cost when you submitted your bids?" asked Mr. They answered that they did not. Mr. Whin-ery said that his company, six months ago,

made a proposition to pave the street at \$15 per linear front foot. That was before it was known there was any likelihood of any trouble with the car company. Now his company came forward and agreed to do the work for \$14 per front

In concluding the argument for the vulcanite, Mr. Murdock spoke of some of the good qualities of that pavement. Mr. Whinery had attempted to show that it did not give satisfaction in Washington, and had been replaced with Trinidad asphalt. Such was not the case, the speaker said. Miles of vulcanite pavement had been replaced with asphalt, but it was not because the vulcanite was not good. Congress appropriated so much money annually for the im-provement of the streets, and in order to spend that money vulcanite pavement that was as good as new had been covered with asphalt. Mr. Murdock then named several streets on which that had been done. "I protested against the outrage," he said, "but it did no good."

After the conclusion of this argument in fa-

After the conclusion of this argument in favor of the competing companies the merits of the two pavements were talked over in an informal way by the committee and Washington-street property-holders present. The committee requested the Vulcanite company to submit a bid for keeping their pavement in repair, which it had neglected to do when its bid for the work proper was filed. The representative of the company said such an agreement would be given. The proprietor of the Trindad Asphalt Company is to keep the street in repair five years free of charge, and then to require 8 cents per square yard per annum for such work for any period from one to twenty-five years. The representatives of both companies extend an invitation to the comboth companies extend an invitation to the committee to visit cities where their respective pavements are in use. The asphalt company pavements are in use. The asphalt company agreed to pay the expenses of the committee to Cincinnati sud the vulcanite to Pittsburg. After deliberating in executive session for a short time the committee decided to postpone the awarding of the contract until two weeks from next Monday night. The committee expresses the wish that the property-holders on the street will investigate the merits of the two pavements in the meantime and make known

their choice. Y. M. C. A. Affairs.

The Union Sunday-school teachers' meeting, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall to-day, will be conducted Church. The subject is "Jesus in Gethsemane."

All teachers are earnestly invited to be present.

The social song service, for young men only, killing Plaster. 25 cents. by Rev. M. L. Haines, of the First Presbyterian

will occur to morrow afternoon, at 4:15. Rev. C. A. Evans, of the Sixth Presbyterian Church, will deliver the address. There will be singing by a quartet. The Woman's Auxiliary meeting takes place Monday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, and the German young men's social will occur Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. All the German young men of the city are invited.

Cumback for Governor.

Worthington Gazette.

The important question of a candidate for Governor is claiming Republican attention all over the State. There are many excellent gentlemen in the field, and at this moment facing the writer is the portrait of one of the most prominent, handsome Will Cumback, whose name is a household word in every intelligent Hoosier bome. The thousands of Indiana voters who have many times listened to the silvery music of his elequent tengue would hail with delight an opportunity to assist in bestowing upon him the most exalted position in the gift of the people of this great State. Will Cumback has many elements of strength which commend him to the careful consideration of the Republicans of the State as a candidate for Worthington Gazette. the Republicans of the State as a candidate for Governor. His well-known and fearless, but moderate and sensible, position on the temperance question would gain for him many hundreds of votes from the opposition that no other Republican, perhaps, could hope to secure.

In this matter of the temperance question the Republican party is so committed that it cannot expect anything but opposition from the anti-temperance element. It has always been the temperance party—the party which the country has depended upon to correct abuses of the liquor traffic—and with Will Cumback for Governor could carry Indiana on the temperance Governor. His well-known and fearless, but

We share in the general belief that ex-Governor Porter is the strongest man in the State for Governor, but he has expressed himself often and emphatically as being averse to assuming the strain of another canvass. His sincerity cannot be questioned, and if he is not to be the nomines, there is no more available man in the State than Cumback.

Ohio in the Convention.

Ex-Governor Foster. You can rest assured that there is no weak spot in the Ohio delegation. It will be led by Governor Foraker, an ardent and devoted friend of Mr. Sherman."

"Ohio is, of course, a Republican State?" "Yes, we will support cheerfully the nomines of the convention. A candidate without any taint of mugwumpism, or doubt of his position on the question of protection, will receive in Ohio this year the largest majority given any candidate since the war." "It is not believed that Mr. Blaine would accept a nomination unless it comes in the form of a demand of the party, unanimously ex-

"In short, then, we expect to see Mr. Sherman lead in the vote at the beginning of the ballot, and the more he is canvassed the stronger he will be. If he should fail to receive the nomination, he and his friends, who have never pouted or kicked, will come to the support of the nominee and will perform their full share of the work which is to secure the triumph of the Republican party."

A Suggestion.

Simeon Coy's attorneys and party friends need not despair. There is one more chance left for the little boss. They should now attack the legality of his appointment to a situation in the northern prison, on the ground that he al-ready holds an office of trust and profit, from which the City Council of Indianapolis refuses to

A New Train.

VIA THE I., B. & W. ROUTE, Has been put on, leaving Indianapolis at 3:30 p M., and arriving at Kansas City and Missouri river points early next morning, with sleeper and elegant free chair cars at night. For information and low rates of fare call at city ticket office, 138 South Illinois street.

Excursion Tickets to St. Louis and Return-The "Bee-line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis and return on June 2, 3 and 4, at the low rate of \$5.30, on account of the sixteenth national Democratic convention. The Bee-line has been selected by the Hen-dricks Club going to and from St. Louis, it be-

ing the most popular line and offering the best For detailed information call on W. M. Hicklin, ticket agent, 1384 South Illinois street, or D. C. Drake, ticket agent, No. 2 Bates House. T. C. PECK. Passenger Agent.

DRINK Malto. "Spend Your Summer" In the mountain resorts of Colorado. Tourist tickets to all principal points in Colorado, New Mexico and California are now on sale by the popular Bee-line railway. The Bee-line is the quickest and best line to St. Louis, Kansas City and all points in the West and Southwest. For

cheap tickets and time of trains call at Bee-line ticket-offices, No. 2 Bates House and 1381 South T. C. PECK, Pass. Agt. Illinois street. DRINK Malto for the nerves. Half-Fare Excursions

KANSAS ARKANSAS, Palace reclining-chair cars free. Excursion date on May 22. For rates, maps and full par-

TO ALL POINTS IN

District Passenger Agent Mo. Pac. Ry., 69 W. Maryland st., Indianapolis, Ind. DRINK Malto: it is pleasant.

MILES'S restaurant is now at 19 North Illinois st. Meals, 20c; lodging, 25c. Open all night. Baggage checked free. SLUGGISH liver or inactive bowels urged into

activity by a pleasant dose of Tarrant's Seltzer DRINK Malto at soda fountain.

Take Notice. Purchasers!

Depot at 7 o'clock A. M.

The market is glutted with worthless preparations for the teeth. Beware of them. Many corrode and abrade the enamel of the teeth and injure them irreparably. Use sterling Sozodont and keep the dental row safe and beautiful. DRINK Malto; 25 cents a bottle.

Turners' Excursion to Louisville. SUNDAY, MAY 20. To the May Festival at National Park. Tickets good for two days, with free entrance to park. For sale by C. Vonnegut, H. Lieber & Co., and at Union Depot. Train leaves Union

A Scaly, Itching Skin Disease, with Endless Suffering, Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

If I had known of the Cuticura Remedies twenty-eight years ago it would have saved me \$200 (two hundred dollars) and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (Psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless, and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ringworm, psoriasis, etc. I took and sarsaparillas over one year and a half, but no cure. I went to two or three doctors and no cure. I cannot praise the Cuticura Remedies too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them was three boxes of Cuticura, and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and two cakes of Cuticura Soap. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for \$200 you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of Psoriasis (Picture number two "How to Cure Skin Discours") had been have to Cure Skin Discours? in your book of Psoriasis (Picture number two "How to Cure Skin Diseases"), but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times. Anything more that you want to know, write me, or anyone who reads this may write to me and I will answer it.

DENNIS DOWNING, Waterbury, Vt.

Jan. 20, 1887.

Psoriasis, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Lichen, Purritus, Scald Head, Milk Crust, Dandruff, Barber's, Bakers', Grocers' and Washerwoman's Itch, and every species of Itching, Burning, Scaly, Pimply Humors of the Skin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, are positively cured by Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, internally, when physicians and all other remedies fail.

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